CAPSULE SUMMARY SHEET

Survey No.: PG:67-31 (PACS 2.15) Construction Date: 1921

Name: Charles Rolls House

Location: 10704 Edmonston Avenue, Beltsville Vicinity, Prince George's County

Private/Private Residence/Occupied/Good/Restricted

Description:

The Charles Rolls House is a 1½-story, 3-bay, vernacular side-gable cottage on the west side of Edmonston Avenue in the Beltsville vicinity, Prince George's County. Constructed in 1921, the building is a massed plan with a 1-story rear addition and

a front porch.

Significance:

The Charles Rolls House was built in 1921 on .4 hectares (1 acre) of land that Charles Rolls purchased from John Ambler Smith in November of 1920. The property was sold to Matthew McIntyre in 1937, and to Harry Benfield in 1948. Curtis and Sylvia Forrester bought the property in 1952, and subdivided it in 1957. the Forresters sold the house with 1253 square meters (13,490 square feet) of land to the current owners.

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Maryland Historical Trust DOE __yes __no Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form __Montgomery-Prince George's Short-term Congestion Relief

1. Name	(indicate preferred	name)				
historic Cha	rles Rolls House (preferre	ed)				
and/or common	Barrett House		-			
2. Loca	ition:					
street & numbe	r 10704 Edmonston Avenue	n/a	not for publication			
city, town Be	eltsville <u>X</u> vicinity o	f congressio	nal district			
state	Maryland	county Prince G	eorge's County			
3. Clas	sification:					
Categorydistrict _X_building(s)structuresiteobject	Ownershippublicprivateboth Public Acquisitionin processbeing considered _X_not applicable	Status _X_occupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessible _X_yes: restrictedyes: unrestrictedno	Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitarytransportation	museumpark _X_private residencereligiousscientific		
name Donald W	. and Margaret Barrett	(give names and maili	ng addresses of <u>all</u>	owners)		
street & numbe	r 10704 Edmonston Avenue	telephone no.:				
	ltsville		e and zip code Mar	yland 20705		
5. Loca	tion of Legal I	Description				
Land Records o	f Prince George's County			liber 5113		
street & numbe	r Prince George's County	Judicial Center		folio 489		
city,town Upp	er Marlboro			state MD		
6. Repr	esentation in l	Existing Histo	rical Surv	eys		
title						
date		federal _	statecounty	local		
depository for	survey records					
city,town			state	-		

7. Description

Survey No. PG:67-31 (PACS 2.15)

Condition		Check one	Check one		
excellent _X_good	deteriorated ruins	unaltered _X altered	<u>X</u> original site moved	date of move	
fair	unexposed				

Resource Count: 2

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Charles Rolls House is a $1\frac{1}{2}$ -story, 3-bay, side-gable cottage on the west side of Edmonston Avenue in the Beltsville vicinity, Prince George's County. Constructed in 1921, the building is a massed plan with a 1-story rear addition and a front porch.

The structure has a side-gable roof covered in asphalt shingles, with a central brick chimney and a single gable dormer on the front elevation. It is of wood-frame construction with aluminum siding, and it has a formed concrete block foundation under the main section and a poured concrete foundation under the rear addition. The windows are double-hung wood sash. The house has a 1-story shed roof porch on the front elevation, supported by square wood posts.

The east, or front elevation is characterized by a gable dormer and a porch. The house sits at ground level, and the lot slopes down towards the rear. The first story entrance is centered. It is flanked by two 6/1 double-hung windows. The dormer has two 1/1 double-hung vinyl windows.

The north elevation consists of the gable-end of the main block and the north wall of the rear levation. The fenestration pattern has been altered from the original symmetrical window lacement. The main block of the first story has three windows. The first is a 6/1 double-hung window. The second is a small 4/1 double hung vinyl window. The third is a 1/1 double-hung vinyl replacement window. There is a small 1/1 double-hung vinyl window centered on the wall of the rear addition. There is one 1/1 double-hung vinyl replacement window in the second-story gable.

The west, or rear elevation consists of the gable-end of the rear addition. It completely obscures the rear of the main block. There is an entrance centered on the rear elevation. It is reached by a set of steps leading to a 1-bay, shed-roof porch. There is a bay window in the first bay, with a fixed center light and two 1/1 double-hung side lights. There is a single 1/1 double-hung vinyl window in the third bay.

The south elevation consists of the gable-end of the main block and the south side of the rear addition. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical, with two windows on the first story. The first window is a 6/1 double-hung window and the second is a 1/1 double-hung vinyl replacement window. There is a single 1/1 double-hung vinyl window centered on the wall of the addition and a 1/1 double-hung vinyl replacement window in the gable of the second story.

There is one outbuilding associated with this building. It is a modern shed located to the northwest of the house. It was built in two phases and is constructed of wood-frame covered in vertical board siding. There are two sets of double doors on the east elevation, with concrete ramps leading to the openings.

The property is located on the west side of Edmonston Avenue, with residential property to the south, woods to the west and north, and cultivated fields associated with the Beltsville gricultural Research Center to the east, on the opposite side of Edmonston Avenue. Beaverdam Hoad intersects Edmonston Avenue directly to the east of the house. The property's setting remains rural in character, despite three circa 1955 houses built to the south of the house.

8. Significance

Survey No. PG:67-31 (PACS 2.15)

_prehistorio 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899	Areas of Significance—Check and carchaeology-prehistoricCommunity planni 9archeology-historicconservation 9agricultureeconomics 9architectureeducation 9artengineering 9commerceexploration/settlementcommunicationindustryinvention	nglandscape architecturereligionlawscienceliteraturesculpturemilitarysocial/music humanitarian tphilosophytheater
Specific da	ates 1921	Builder/Architect
check:	Applicable Criteria:AB and/or Applicable Exceptions:AB Level of Significance:national	_CDEFG

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The Charles Rolls House was built in 1921 on .4 hectares (1 acre) of land that Charles Rolls purchased from John Ambler Smith in November of 1920. The property was sold to Matthew McIntyre in 1937, and to Harry Benfield in 1948. Curtis and Sylvia Forrester bought the property in 1952, and subdivided it in 1957. In 1979 the Forresters sold the house with 1253 square meters (13,490 quare feet) of land to the current owners.

This property is located within the boundaries of the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, but this house and the ones located to the immediate south are excluded from the ownership of the U.S. Government. Beltsville, named after the Belt family, is an area of Prince George's County on either side of Route 1 from Ammendale Road to the Capital Beltway. During the 1700s and early 1800s, the Snowden family possessed large estates which were located on both sides of what is now Route 1, and on land which is now the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center. In the colonial era, tobacco farming occurred along Indian Creek, a tributary of the Northeast Branch of the Anacostia River. Later, farmers in the area produced grains and vegetables.

By 1795, a turnpike from Baltimore to Georgetown in the District of Columbia had been constructed through the county. Taverns were established along the turnpike (present day Route 1 and Old Baltimore Pike), including one operated by Jacob Van Horn in what is now Beltsville. The tavern, called Vansville, serviced turnpike travellers from the 1790s to 1817. In the 1830s, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad built tracks for the Washington Branch through the Belt family farm and established a station which was named Beltsville. The station, located along the turnpike, the east-west roads of Odell and Powder Mill, and the railroad, grew during the 1800s and became a village containing two churches, residences, stores, and businesses such as a blacksmith and a wheelwright shop.

During the late 1800s, Beltsville became part of the expanding Washington, D.C. suburbs, as development occurred along the railroad and streetcar lines north of the city. Federal workers could live in the suburbs and work downtown, and many new communities were established from the District line to Beltsville. The suburban development continued after the introduction of the automobile. The state improved the roads, and Route 1 became the major north/south route along he east coast. Although the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center was established in 1910 and employment in the area increased, Beltsville was relatively far from Washington, and the more southern suburbs experienced greater growth. It was not until after the Second World War that

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

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Significance (Continued) 8.

intensive development came to the Beltsville area. The increase in Federal employment and the dramatic rise in personal automobile use led to the suburbanization of Beltsville. The area west of Route 1 was developed as a residential area, and the development increased in the 1960s as Interstate 95 made the area more accessible. Today, most of the farms are gone and Beltsville has become a densely populated suburb of the Nation's Capital.

The Charles Rolls House is an example of a vernacular cottage. Between 1870 and 1940 the vernacular cottage style was typically built for Americans of modest means. characterized by simple ornamentation and mass-produced components, such as door frames, moldings, sash and window units, and porch decoration. The development of post-Civil War machinery capable of producing large amounts of standardized housing elements, such as those found in cottages, contributed greatly to the development of the modern American housing Designs for vernacular cottages were obtained from popular magazines, such as House Beautiful, or carpenter's and builder's journals, such as American Builder. A variety of frontgable, side-gable, cross-gable and hipped roof frame cottages were developed in the early to midtwentieth century. Front-gable and hipped roof cottages are primarily 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -stories tall, 3bays wide and several rooms deep. Side-gable and cross-gable structures are usually 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ stories tall, are typically 2 to 3-bays in width and vary from one to three rooms deep. "sually include a porch covered with a shed roof. Porches are supported by posts often ontaining machine-produced Victorian ornamentation. Some cottages feature ornamentation drawn from Craftsman style or Colonial Revival architecture (Gottfried and Jennings 1988, viii-xy).

National Register Evaluation:

Constructed in 1921, the Charles Rolls House is not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. The property is not eligible under Criterion A. as research conducted indicates no association with any historic events or trends significant in the development of national, state, or local history. Historic research indicates that the property has no association with persons who have made specific contributions to history, and therefore, it does not meet Criterion B. It is not eligible under Criterion C, as it is an undistinguished example of a common type of early-20th century architecture. The house has been altered with a rear addition, aluminum siding, and replacement windows. Finally, preliminary studies conducted for this project indicate the need for further assessment of the archaeological potential of this property. Therefore, no evaluation under Criterion D is being conducted at this time.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST				
Eligibility recommended Eligibility Not Recommended				
Comments Consulty SHA 9 PACS	orero's waluntion			
	. 50/09			
Reviewer, OPS: OOO WOLL	Date: \/29/91			
Reviewer, NR Program: Pakenty	Date: / 2/2/99			
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May 1998

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ADDRESS: 10704 Edmonston Avenue, Beltsville Vicinity, Prince George's County

9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

Cook, William G. 1976. Montpelier & the Snowden Family. Privately Printed.

- Gottfried, Herbert and Jans Jennings. 1988. <u>American Vernacular Design, 1870-1940</u>. Ames, Iowa: Iowa State University Press.
- Hopkins, G.M. [1879] 1975. Atlas of 15 Miles Around Washington including the County of Prince George (sic), Maryland. Philadelphia. Reprint.
- Land Records of Prince George's County, Maryland.
- Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission. 1993. <u>Illustrated Inventory of Historic Sites, Prince George's County, Maryland.</u> Upper Marlboro, Maryland: Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission.
- Prince George's County Community Renewal Program. 1974. <u>The Neighborhoods of Prince George's County.</u> Upper Marlboro, Maryland: Prince George's County Government.
- irta, Alan. 1984 rev. 1991. <u>Prince George's County: A Pictorial History.</u> Virginia Beach: The Donning Company Publishers.
- Woodward, Ethel C. Van Horn's Stage Lines and Tavern. Privately Printed, no date.

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9. Major Bibliographical References Survey No PG:67-31 (PACS 2.15)

See Attached

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property

Quadrangle name Beltsville, MD Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code

state code county code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Susan L. Taylor

rganization P.A.C. Spero & Company date May 1998

street & number 40 W. Chesapeake Avenue, Suite 412 telephone (410) 296-1635

city or town Baltimore state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:Maryland Historical Trust DHCP/DHCD 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 (410) 514-7600

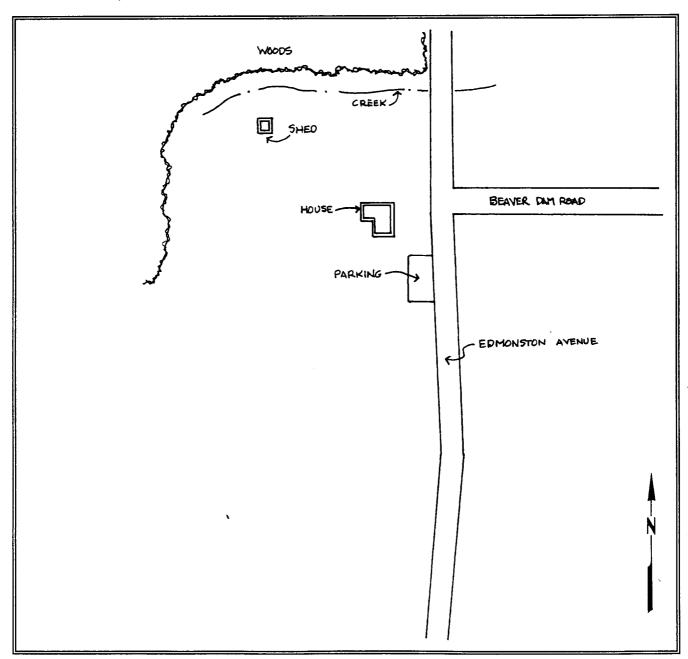
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10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Resource Sketch Map:



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Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

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MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Western Shore

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s): Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s): Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form): Buildings

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural): Rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s): Private Residence

Known Design Source (write none if unknown): None

Preparer P.A.C. Spero & Company May 1998





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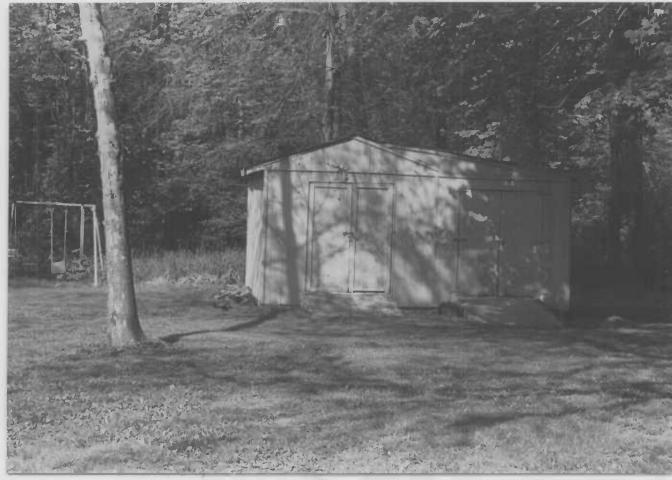


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